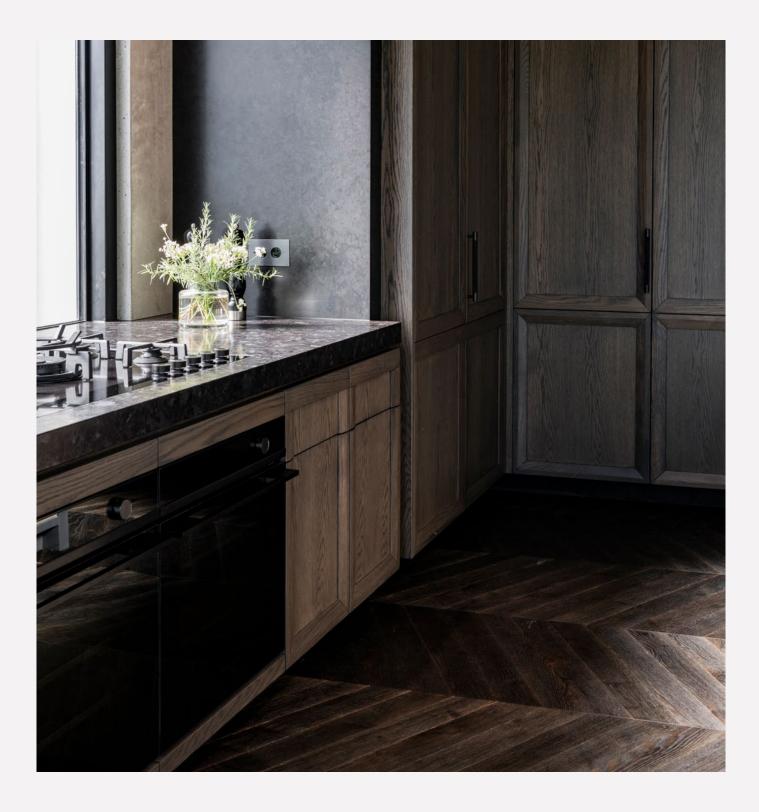
### **Timber Overlay Flooring System Installation Guide**

FOR USE WITH GLUE DOWN PRE-FINISHED ENGINEERED PLANK FLOORING



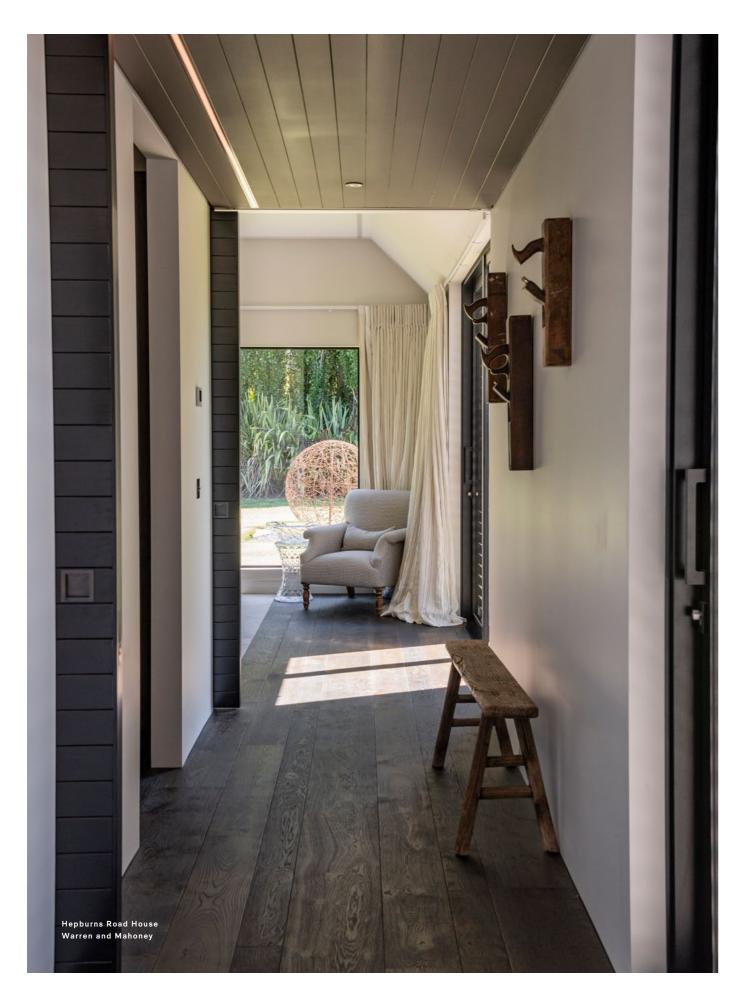
forté

Cover image: Hepburn House Warren and Mahoney

1	SCOPE OF USE
2	STORAGE & HANDLING
3	HEALTH & SAFETY
	3.1 CUTTING OF TIMBER
4	SUBSTRATE PREPARATION GUIDELINES
	4.1 FLOORING HEIGHTS
	4.2 CONCRETE FLOORS (SLAB-ON-GRADE OR SU
	4.3 TIMBER FLOORING (STRUCTURAL OR OVERLA
	4.4 CONCRETE FLOOR WITH HYDRONIC UNDERFL
	4.5 ELECTRIC UNDERFLOOR HEATING SYSTEM
	4.6 WET-AREA MEMBRANE SYSTEMS
	4.7 ACOUSTIC UNDERLAY GLUED TO AN APPROVE
	4.8 CONCRETE FLOORS (SLAB-ON-GRADE OR SL
5	INSTALLATION GUIDELINES
	5.1 INSTALLERS RESPONSIBILITY
	5.2 INSTALLATION IN LARGE AREAS/LONG LENGT
	5.3 LAYING CONDITIONS
	5.4 ADHESIVE RECOMMENDATIONS
	5.5 PREPARING TO INSTALL
	5.6 INSTALLATION METHOD
	5.7 POST-INSTALLATION CHECKLIST
6	POST-INSTALLATION SURFACE PROTECTION

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	02
	04
	06
	07
	08
	10
SUSPENDED)	11
AY, BUT NOT TIMBER JOISTS)	12
FLOOR HEATING SYSTEM	13
	14
	16
VED SUBSTRATE	17
SUSPENDED)	17
	18
	19
GTHS	19
	19
	20
	20
	20
	22
	24



## 1. Scope of Use

The Forté Timber Overlay Flooring System as per the <u>Design Guide</u> is designed for use as non-structural overlay flooring inside residential and commercial buildings. Installations outside of the scope of use will not be covered under warranty.

#### FORTÉ TIMBER OVERLAY FLOORING SYSTEM

The flooring is suitable for all areas other than garages and commercial kitchens.

The flooring should always be installed onto an approved substrate (refer to Approved substrates).

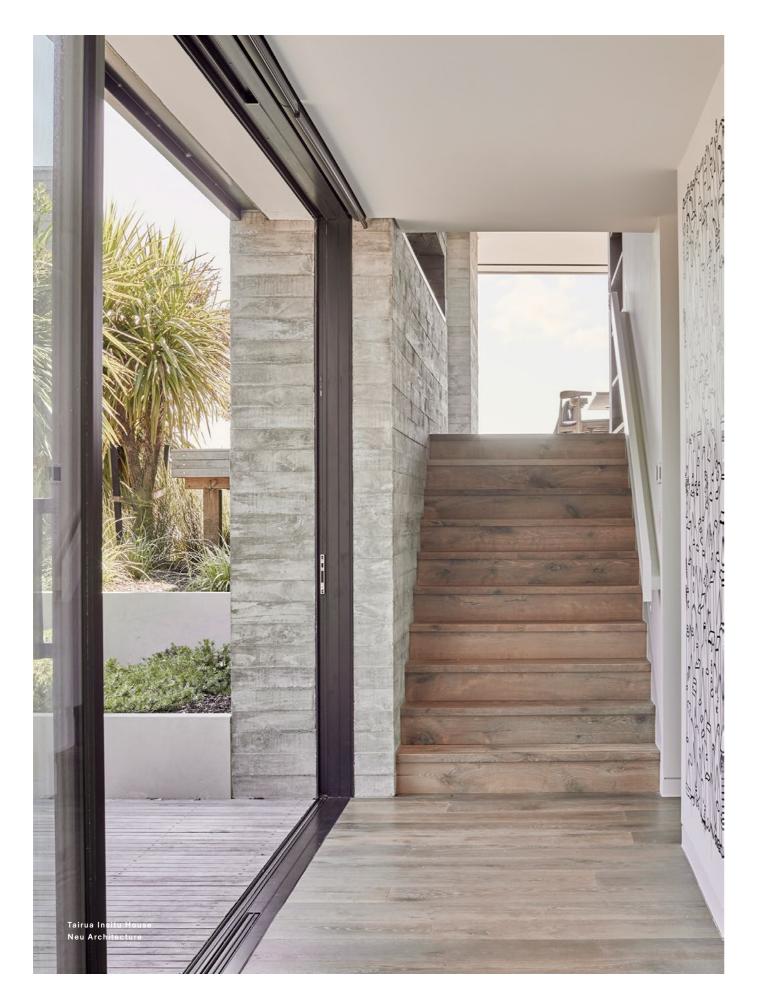
Additional requirements must be adhered to for installations in wet areas (refer to Wet areas).

Additional requirements must be adhered to for installations with underfloor heating (refer to Underfloor heating).

The area with flooring should be protected against changes in climate. Refer to Forté Care & Maintenance Guide.

The flooring should be separated from fuel-burning appliances, flues, and chimneys in accordance with NZBC Section C AS/1.

For installations where a single length/run of the timber flooring will be over 15 meters, please contact Forté to ensure suitability for installation.



## 2. Storage & Handling

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

The timber flooring should be left flat in the original unopened packaging in the areas it is to be installed in for at least 48 hours prior to installation. This allows the product to acclimatise to the room temperature and minimise the likelihood of any shrinkage or swelling.

The timber should be stored out of direct sunlight, away from walls and radiators.

It is recommended to place stored packs on battens/ dunnage to minimise moisture absorption from the ground.

The product should be kept in a shaded and protected dry place (18°C to 25°C).

Do not store the timber flooring outside.

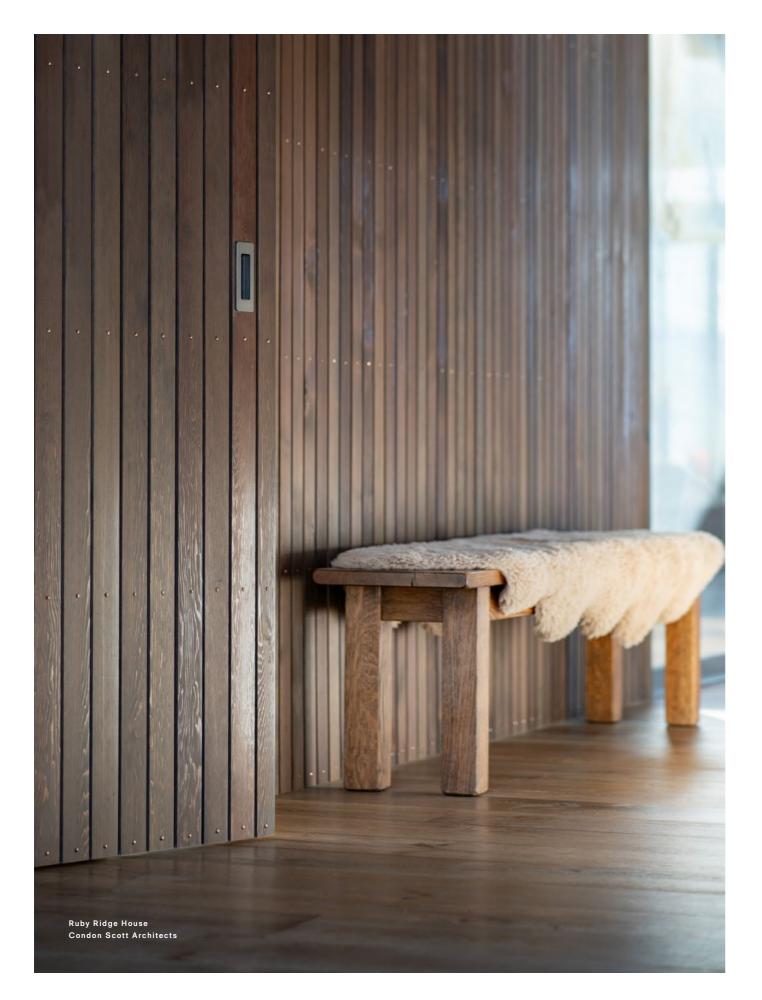


# 3. Health & Safety

#### 3.1 CUTTING OF TIMBER

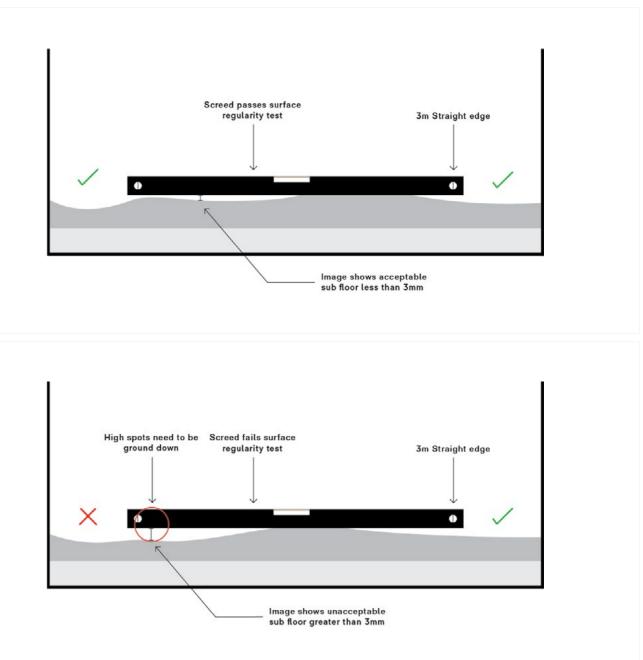
Cutting of timber is to be done in well-ventilated area and a suitable dust mask, eye protection, and ear protection must be worn.

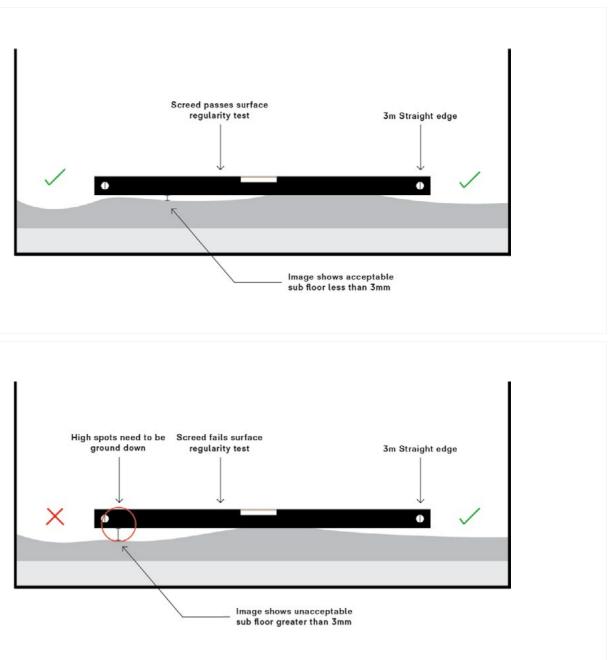
Note: Some fine wood dust can cause nasal cancer. Some species such as Spotted Gum are treated and therefore sawdust, shavings and offcuts should not be disposed of by burning. Check local Council By-Laws for disposal of treated wood.



## 4. Substrate Preparation Guidelines

The entire substrate should always be checked for any unevenness and must also be level in accordance with NZS AS1884:2013 (not exceeding 3mm variation over a 3m long straight edge).





#### 4.1 **FLOORING HEIGHTS**

If there is a major variance of height within the subfloor where the timber flooring is to be installed, ie. a renovation, plywood sheets/squares can be used to level this out to achieve a flush transition prior to installation.

For minor a minor variance of height within the subfloor

Note: As a general rule, the total finished height of the flooring on top of the substrate is the thickness of the product plus 2mm for glue and moisture barriers.

Where possible, consult with the flooring installer for site specific advice.

#### 4.2

#### CONCRETE FLOORS (SLAB-ON-GRADE OR SUSPENDED)

If the concrete substrate is mechanically weak, please contact Forté (if you are unsure) prior to installation to discuss preparation requirements.

1 01 11111	of a minor variance of noight mann the subra					
compou	he timber flooring is to be installed, screed o Ind can be used to level this out prior to insta	allation.	4.2	2.1	GRIND	It is necessary and prepare t ground down a 3m long stra approved leve
4.1.1	NG SUBFLOOR HEIGHT TO MATC	Acclimate the plywood underlayment. Store underlayment in the room it will be installed in for 72 hours before the actual installation. This process acclimates the underlayment to the climate of the room and prevents any unexpected expansion after installation. All measurements should be taken after the underlayment has had the time to acclimate as well.	4.2	2.2	MOISTURE BARRIER	All concrete s 70% RH or les a) <b>Test:</b> To m hygromete It measure over the sl proceed w
4.1.2	UNDERCUT	Undercut the plywood vertically and horizontally to create notched surface. This creates flexibility. Place something heavy on each plywood sheet after installation. Place spacers between the plywood sheets.				have bee b) Seal: If th Humidity) engineere applied to
4.1.3	CLEAN	Thoroughly clean the subfloor of dust and grime. A shop vac is an excellent tool for this job, or you can also just a broom and dustpan. However, this may kick dust around, so it would be wise to go over the area with a mop.				substrate If the hygr moisture b Ensure all are follow
4.1.4	GLUE	Use a notched trowel to spread the glue evenly over the subfloor.				process o
4.1.5	INSTALL	Install the plywood sheets, notch side down, one at a time, perpendicular to the placement of the subfloor sheets. The plywood seams should meet over subfloor joints to ensure proper support.	4.2	2.3	PRIMING/LEVELLING	c) Refer to B a concrete If the substrat long straight e
4.1.6	NAIL	Nail the boards in place. Staples should be placed every two inches around the edge of the sheet and every four inches in the interior. If using nails or screws, space them farther apart and ensure they are slightly below the top of the plywood. <b>Note:</b> When placing sheets, they should rest comfortably next to one another. Do not force them to fit. If you need to trim the edges according to the room, do so with a saw.				levelling comp a) Mark out t b) Before app out with a (e.g. Eco F Installation c) Apply a le
						timber floo the areas Installation The substrate over a 3m lon Conduct a fin level, free of a with installatio

ary to grind all concrete substrates to remove contaminates e the surface for the next stage. Any high spots should be In to meet the levelling requirements (3mm variation over traight edge). Low spots may have to be built up with an velling compound (this will be covered in step 3).

substrates must be tested and display a reading of less before installation can begin.

measure the relative humidity above the slab, the eter is sealed to the concrete and left for at least 16 hours. ares the relative humidity of the air in the sealed chamber slab. If your initial test shows up below 70% then you can I without applying moisture barrier (possible where slabs en installed for several years).

the hygrometer reading is above 70% RH (Relative y), then a coat of moisture barrier approved for use with red timber flooring (e.g. Mapeproof 1k Turbo) should be to the concrete slab before laying. The RH reading of the e should be re-checked once the moisture barrier is dry. grometer reading is still too high, another coat of the e barrier should be applied to the concrete substrate. all guidelines in the suppliers TDS/Installation sheet wed when applying the moisture barrier. Continue this or wait until the hygrometer reading is below 70% RH. BRANZ Bulletin Issue 644 "Solid timber strip flooring on

ete slab - Section 2" for more information.

rate unevenness still exceeds 3mm variation over a 3m t edge after grinding, it is necessary to fill low spots with mpound.

It the areas required to be levelled.

applying the levelling compound, prepare the areas marked a primer approved for use with engineered timber flooring Prim T Plus). Ensure all guidelines in the suppliers TDS/ ion sheet are followed.

levelling compound approved for use with engineered looring with concrete substrates (e.g. Mapei Ultraplan) to s marked out. Ensure all guidelines in the suppliers TDS/ ion sheet are followed.

te should now be level (not exceeding 3mm variation ong straight edge).

inal check to ensure the sub-floor is completely dry, clean, any cracks, and structurally sound before proceeding with installation.

#### 4.4

CONCRETE FLOOR WITH HYDRONIC UNDERFLOOR HEATING SYSTEM (SET INTO SLAB 30MM MINIMUM)

4.3.1	INSPECT	<ul> <li>a) Ensure the timber substrate is well-fixed to the joists.</li> <li>If there is any movement/squeaking this needs to be remedied before installation.</li> </ul>		NOTE	PRIOR TO INSTALLATION	— Ensure installa — The spa
		<li>b) The timber substrate should be 18mm minimum when over joists, and 15mm when over concrete.</li>				more th — The sur
4.3.2	SAND	A timber substrate should be machine sanded to remove contaminates and prepare the surface for the next stage.				less that Refer to the for more in
4.3.3	MOISTURE TEST	Use a Resistance (invasive) Moisture Meter to test both the timber substrate and the engineered timber flooring moisture content (MC) levels. The moisture content difference should be no more than 4% between the timber substrate and the engineered timber flooring. Do not install if the moisture content difference is greater than this. If the moisture content is too high, you should wait for the timber substrate to dry out to meet the 4% moisture content difference.		4.4.1	COMMISSION THE UNDERFLOOR HEATING SYSTEM	It is require before prod working at enough tim follow the u conflict wit more inforr
4.3.4 PI	PRIMING/ LEVELLING	If the substrate unevenness still exceeds 3mm variation over a 3m long straight edge after sanding, it is necessary to fill low spots with levelling compound.				a) Begin c daily ind take 5-
		<ul> <li>a) If the substrate is formed by wooden boards with open joints, these must be sealed with a sealer approved for use with engineered timber flooring (e.g. Mapei Nivorapid + Latex Plus). Mark out the areas required to be levelled.</li> </ul>				b) b. The s c) c. The s until it h
		<ul> <li>b) Before applying the levelling compound, prepare the areas marked out with a primer approved for use with engineered timber flooring (e.g. Eco Prim T Plus). Ensure all guidelines in the</li> </ul>				d) d. Keep e) e. If any must be
		suppliers TDS/Installation sheet are followed. c) Apply a levelling compound approved for use with engineered		4.4.2	PREPARE SUBSTRATE	Prepare sul or suspend
		timber flooring with timber substrates (e.g. Mapei Fiberplan) to the areas marked out. Ensure all guidelines in the suppliers TDS/ Installation sheet are followed.	-	4.4.3	PREPARING FOR/ DURING INSTALLATION	a) Once th turn on
		The substrate should now be level (not exceeding 3mm variation over a 3m long straight edge).				5°C unt b) The inst
4.3.5	<b>APPLY MOISTURE BARRIER</b> Only applies if subfloor is an existing	It is recommended to apply a 2-Component Epoxy Moisture Barrier to the Existing Solid Native Timber subfloor before installation. This will provide additional protection to the structure in the case				during i hours a tempera
	Solid Native Timber in a wet area – refer to 1.1.2 of the Forté Timber Overlay Flooring <u>Design Guide</u>	of a major flood/leaking. Conduct a final check to ensure the substrate is completely dry, clean, level, free of any cracks, and structurally sound before proceeding with installation.				the adh

- re the timber flooring being installed is suitable for lation over Underfloor Heating
- pacing (width) between heating tubes should not be than 150mm.
- surface of the slab from the heating tubes may not be han 30mm and the recommended thickness is 60mm.
- the Forté Timber Overlay Flooring System Design Guide information.
- uired to remove as much moisture as possible from the slab roceeding to installation. The underfloor heating should be at least 3 weeks before flooring is to be installed to allow time for commissioning and substrate preparation. Always ne underfloor heating manufacturers guidelines and if these with our guidelines, please contact Forté Customer Care for ormation.
- commissioning by increasing the system temperature in increments of 5°C until the system reaches 27°C (this should 5–6 days).
- e system should be kept at 27°C for at least 48 hours.
- e system should then be cooled in daily increments of 5°C it has reached its lowest level and then turned off.
- ep the system turned off for 48 hours.
- any cracks have appeared after the heating up cycle, they be carefully glued together with synthetic resin.
- substrate as per 2.1 Concrete floors (slab-on-grade nded)
- the slab has been commissioned and is ready for installation, on the underfloor heating, and increase in daily increments of Intil the installation surface temperature is 15°C.
- nstallation surface temperature should be maintained at 15°C ng installation and kept at this temperature until at least 48 after installation has been completed. Allowing changes in erature (particularly overnight) can cause the wood to lift off dhesive thus affecting the adhesive bond.

NOTE	PRIOR TO INSTALLATION	Important: Prior to installation of the underfloor heating system, the subfloor should be prepared in accordance with the 'Substrate Preparation Guidelines' depending on the type (e.g., for a concrete floor, the sub-floor should be prepared as per guidelines under 2.1 Concrete floors). We recommend the flooring installer to contact the underfloor heating contractor	4.5.2	PREPARE SUBSTRATE CONTINUED	Where any o flooring, and Conduct a fi clean, level, t proceeding v
		<ul> <li>to ensure that the subfloor is prepared correctly.</li> <li>Ensure the timber flooring being installed is suitable for installation over underfloor heating.</li> </ul>	4.5.3	PREPARING FOR/ DURING INSTALLATION	a) Once the turn on th 5°C until
		<ul> <li>The surface of the screed should be at least 8mm above the cables.</li> </ul>			b) The insta during ins
		<ul> <li>The screed must be structurally sound and free from Laitance.</li> </ul>			hours aft temperat
		Refer to the Forté Timber Overlay Flooring System <u>Design Guide</u> for more information.			the adhe
4.5.1	COMMISSION THE UNDERFLOOR HEATING SYSTEM	It is required to remove as much moisture as possible from the screed before proceeding to installation. The underfloor heating should be working at least 3 weeks before flooring is to be installed to allow enough time for commissioning and substrate preparation. Always follow the underfloor heating manufacturers guidelines and if these conflict with our guidelines, please contact Forté Customer Care for more information.			
		<ul> <li>Begin commissioning by increasing the system temperature in daily increments of 5°C until the system reaches 27°C (this should take 5–6 days).</li> </ul>			
		b) The system should be kept at 27°C for at least 48 hours.			
		c) The system should then be cooled in daily increments of 5°C until it has reached its lowest level and then turned off.			
		d) Keep the system turned off for 48 hours.			
		<ul> <li>e) If any cracks have appeared after the heating up cycle, they must be carefully glued together with synthetic resin.</li> </ul>			
4.5.2	PREPARE SUBSTRATE	When installing over underfloor heating systems, please ensure the below points are adhered to before proceeding with installation.			
		<ul> <li>a) Moisture test: The substrate must be tested and display a reading of 70% RH or less before installation can begin.</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>b) Level substrate: The substrate must be checked for any unevenness and must not exceed 3mm variation over a 3m long straight edge.</li> </ul>			
		c) Adhesion to substrate: Ensure the substrate is compatible with the adhesive being used. If there are any additional adhesion requirements (e.g., keying the membrane), check if this is possible with the membrane system supplier first.			

ny of the above points cannot be achieved, do not install the and contact Forté Customer Care to discuss a solution.

a final check to ensure the substrate is completely dry, rel, free of any cracks, and structurally sound before ng with installation.

the slab has been commissioned and is ready for installation, n the underfloor heating, and increase in daily increments of ntil the installation surface temperature is 15°C.

astallation surface temperature should be maintained at 15°C g installation and kept at this temperature until at least 48 after installation has been completed. Allowing changes in erature (particularly overnight) can cause the wood to lift off dhesive thus affecting the adhesive bond.

#### 4.7 ACOUSTIC UNDERLAY GLUED TO AN APPROVED SUBSTRATE

NOTE	PRIOR TO INSTALLATION	<ul> <li>Important: Prior to installation of the Wet-area membrane system, the subfloor should be prepared in accordance with the 'Substrate Preparation Guidelines' depending on the type (e.g., for a concrete floor, the sub-floor should be prepared as per guidelines under 2.1 Concrete floors). We recommend the flooring installer to contact the Membrane contractor to ensure that the subfloor is prepared correctly.</li> <li>Ensure the membrane system supplier states their system is compatible with Glue down Timber Flooring Installation.</li> </ul>	NOTE	PRIOR TO INSTALLATION	- Importa subfloo Prepara concre under 2 to be ir has bee Refer to the for more in
		<ul> <li>All timber flooring installation components (sealers/primers/ levelling/adhesives) used when installing over a wet-area membrane system must come from the same supplier as the wet-area membrane.</li> <li>The membrane should be installed in accordance with E3/AS2 requirements</li> <li>Refer to the Forté Timber Overlay Flooring System <u>Design Guide</u> for more information.</li> </ul>	4.7.1	INSTALLING	When insta points are a) <b>Moistu</b> reading b) <b>Level s</b> uneven long st Where any
4.6.1	INSTALLING	<ul> <li>When installing over wet-area membrane systems, please ensure the below points are adhered to before proceeding with installation.</li> <li>a) Moisture test: The substrate must be tested and display a reading of 70% RH or less before installation can begin.</li> </ul>			flooring, ar Conduct a dry, clean, installation
		<ul> <li>b) Level substrate: The substrate must be checked for any unevenness and must not exceed 3mm variation over a 3m long straight edge.</li> <li>c) Adhesion to substrate: Ensure the substrate is compatible with the adhesive being used. If there are any additional adhesion requirements (e.g., keying the membrane), check if this is possible with the membrane system supplier first.</li> <li>Where any of the above points cannot be achieved, do not install the first is possible with the membrane is a straight of the substrate is a straight the substrate is compared by the substrate is compatible with the membrane system supplier first.</li> </ul>	4.7.2	SUITABLE ACOUSTIC UNDERLAYS	It is import installation underlay su Overlay Flo must be alv a) Forté A Acoust b) Regupo
		flooring, and contact Forté Customer Care to discuss a solution. Conduct a final check to ensure the substrate is completely dry, clean, level, free of any cracks, and structurally sound before proceeding with installation.			
4.6.2	SYSTEMS APPROVED FOR USE WITH FORTÉ TIMBER FLOORING	<ul> <li>Forté have worked with wet-area membrane suppliers to ensure there is a suitable membrane available for use with all of our products. The two systems we commonly recommend are;</li> <li>a) Ardex WPM002 (refer to system recommendation)</li> <li>b) Mapei Aqua Defense (refer to system recommendation)</li> </ul>	Please c	THER SUBSTRATES (JOISTS/O ontact Forté Customer Care on 0508 36 will be voided.	

ortant: Prior to installation of the acoustic underlay, the loor should be prepared in accordance with the 'Substrate aration Guidelines' depending on the type (e.g., for a crete floor, the sub-floor should be prepared as per guidelines er 2.1 Concrete floors). We recommend the acoustic underlay installed by the flooring installer to ensure that the subfloor been prepared correctly.

the Forté Timber Overlay Flooring System Design Guide information.

stalling over acoustic underlay, please ensure the below re adhered to before proceeding with installation.

sture test: The substrate must be tested and display a ing of 70% RH or less before installation can begin.

substrate: The substrate must be checked for any venness and must not exceed 3mm variation over a 3m straight edge.

any of the above points cannot be achieved, do not install the , and contact Forté Customer Care to discuss a solution.

t a final check to ensure the substrate is completely an, level, and structurally sound before proceeding with ion.

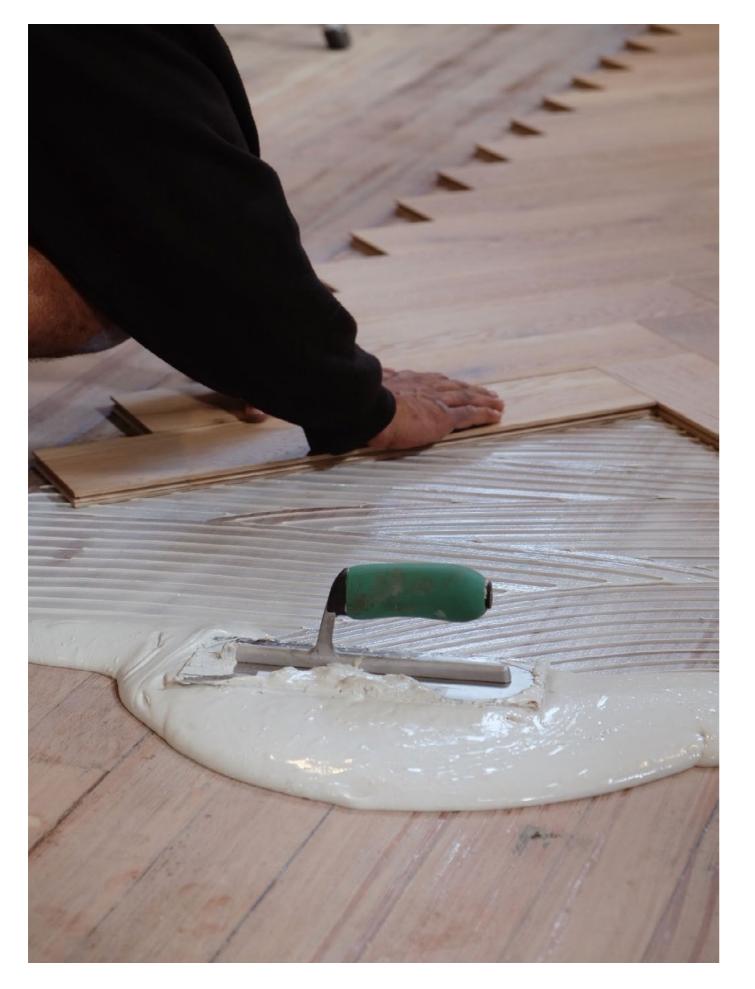
ortant to ensure the underlay is suitable for timber floor ion and you should always consult with the acoustic supplier to ensure compatibility with the Forté Timber Flooring System, and the supplier installation guides always adhered to.

Acoustick-Mat Heavy-Duty Rubber/Cork 5mm ustic Underlay.

upol 4515 Acoustic Underlay.

#### RING TYPES)

on substrate suitability. If installed without approval,



## **5. Installation Guidelines**

#### 5.1 INSTALLERS RESPONSIBILITY

The person installing the flooring is solely responsible for thoroughly checking the boards for damage or defects prior to laying. If you are not happy with a board, do not install it. If there any concerns regarding the material and/or the environment/location it is being installed in, the installer should contact Forté immediately. Once installed, the materials are deemed to have been accepted and if boards with obvious defects are used, the product is not subject to claim.

### 5.2 INSTALLATION IN LARGE AREAS/LONG LENGTHS

For installations where a single length/run of the timber flooring will be over 15 meters, please contact Forté on 0508 356 677 to ensure suitability for installation.

#### 5.3

### SUBSTRATE CONDITION

Ensure that the substrate is free of cracks, resins and other coatings that could prevent the adhesive or moisture barrier from bonding or working effectively. The substrate should be levelled, cleaned, and dried to meet Forté Substrate

If you come across boards you don't like the colour or look of, put them aside and use them in an area that is not as prominently visible, such as a wardrobe. If you are unsure, contact Forté customer care on 0508 366 77.

Engineered timber flooring is a natural product that will display natural variations of colour, grain, texture, and other characteristics of European Oak, these are not considered as defects.

Preparation Guidelines (see Section 4 for more details) for the moisture barrier and adhesive to bond to. Failure to adhere to this process will void the suppliers warranty.

#### 5.4 INSTALLATION SITE CONDITIONS

Timber Flooring is hygroscopic and reacts to the conditions it is placed in.

It is important that conditions within the area DURING installation resemble the final conditions of the completed building post-installation.

Refer to 'Protecting against changes in climate' in the <u>Care</u> and <u>Maintanence Guide - Residential</u> for guidance on inservice conditions.

#### 5.6.1 SETUP/LAYOUT

- a) Choose the most suitable wall to begin installation from (starting at the corner furthest from the entrance will enable proper workspace practice by not walking unnecessarily on the newly laid floor).
- b) Start by running a string line or chalk line along the length of the room and using this as a guide to ensure the first row is straight. Always assume the walls are not straight and room is not square.
- c) We recommend dry laying the first 2 or 3 rows, adjusting the first row to the wall contours, and adjusting for the width you have planned.

#### 5.5 PREPARING TO INSTALL

5.5.1	DECIDE DIRECTION	Decide direction of flooring installation (if this hasn't already been decided). Wood flooring generally looks best when running in the same direction as the longest dimension of the room, or in the direction you will be most commonly walking in the space.
5.5.2	ALLOW FOR EXPANSION	An allowance of 5–10mm should be provided around the perimeter as well as any fixed items in the area where the flooring is to be laid to allow for expansion (including doorways, heating tube outlets, connections with tiles, etc).
		Skirting boards should be removed from the walls where the flooring is being installed. If this is not possible, the skirtings will need to be undercut before installation begins to allow for expansion.
		Spacing wedges/shims should be used to assist in maintaining the expansion gaps during installation.
5.5.3	CLIENT APPROVAL	Where possible, open a pack of the flooring and show the client to confirm they are satisfied, and it meets their expectations.

### 5.6 INSTALLATION METHOD

You should always try to have at least half a board's width at each side of the room as smaller width boards are difficult to fit and do not look good, particularly if the wall is not straight. Always work out of 2–3 different packs concurrently to ensure consistency throughout the area. Engineered timber flooring is a natural product and will showcase colour variation, every plank will be slightly different.

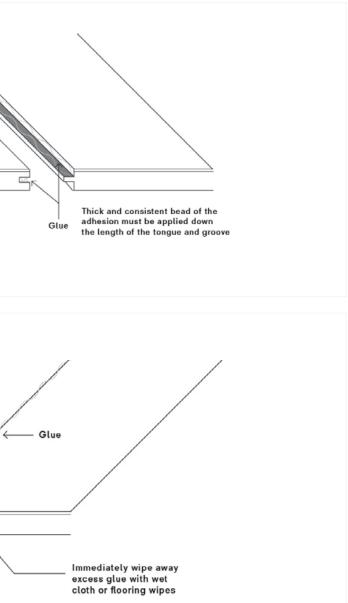
#### SEALING PLANK JOINTS IN KITCHENS, LAUNDRIES AND WCS

A water-resistant PVA joint sealer adhesive (rated to a minimum of D3) must be used in all joints (both along the length of the plank, and at the ends of planks) during installation.

A thick and consistent bead of the adhesive should be applied first to the groove edge and secondly to the top of the tongue, the planks should be brought together and fitted tightly. Wipe away the excess adhesive immediately with a wet rag/wipe.

Ensure all guidelines in the suppliers TDS/Installation sheet are followed.

This is to be done to achieve an impervious surface, which is required by Clause E3 of the New Zealand



#### 5.6.2 GLUING TO SUBSTRATE

When installing on a concrete substrate, ensure the flooring is weighted down while the adhesive is curing. This will help prevent hollow spots where the glue is not fully bonded.

Immediately clean up any adhesive spilt on the surface of the wood flooring during installation. Follow manufacturer's recommendations.

If the installation is over more than one day, strap or wedge the last row to prevent movement overnight. Weigh (you will have packs of boards at this stage) down the last few rows to prevent them from lifting off the adhesive.

a) Install the first row following the chalk line made during setup, with the groove side facing the wall.

- b) Following the spread rate and curing time, spread the glue evenly on the substrate ensuring the installer can lay the planks in time for best result of the glue.
- c) Immediately place the boards into the adhesive, prior to the adhesive skinning over. Place spacers between the boards and the wall to keep the expansion gap whilst the adhesive is curing.
- Add each additional row of flooring, offsetting or staggering the end joints at least 30cm apart.
- e) Once the installation is finished, ensure spacers are positioned around the perimeter of the room to keep the expansion gap whilst the adhesive is curing.

### 5.7 POST-INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

- a) Perform touch-ups and clean up marks/glue spillages as required.
- b) Remove expansion shims and install any trims/bars/ skirting boards/toe kicks as required. Always fix the mouldings to the wall, never to the flooring.
- c) Fill any gaps around planks with a matching filler.
- d) Caulking/silicone where required. (This is required in wet areas – refer to note below)
- e) Vacuum/sweep and mop the floor, ready for client inspection.

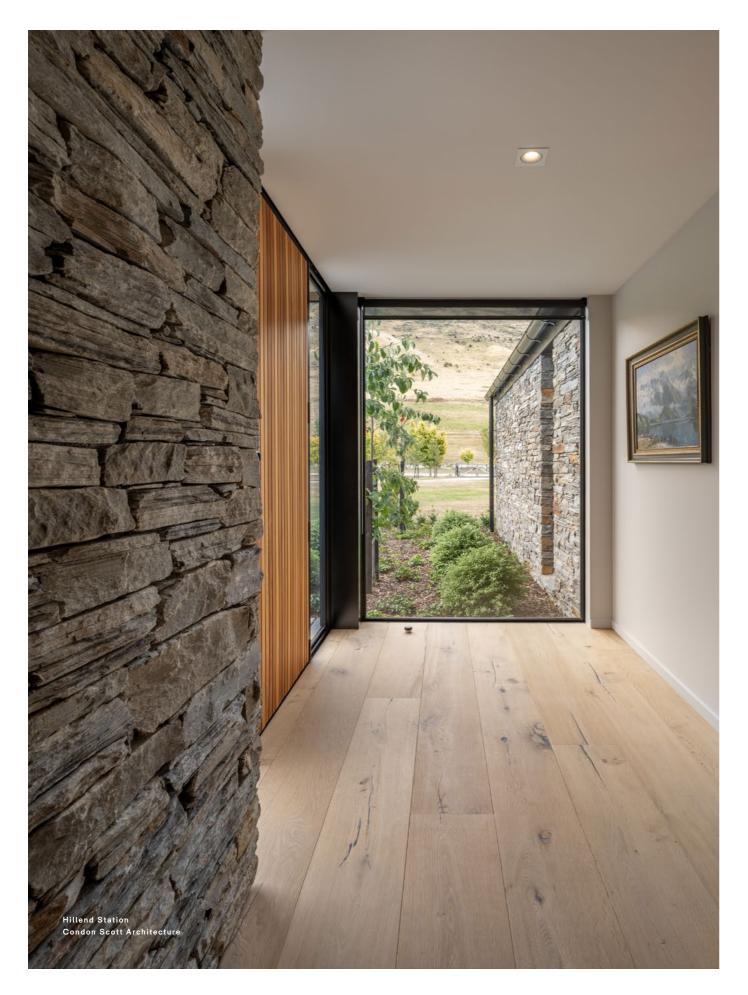
#### SEALING AROUND PERIMETER & ANY FIXED ITEMS IN KITCHENS, LAUNDRIES AND WCS

After installation has been completed, use a water-resistant caulking silicone gap filler to seal any parts of the perimeter and any fixed items within the area (ie. floor to wall junctions, kitchen waste pipes) that are exposed to watersplash in the room/area. In open-plan spaces, this should extend 1.5m from each sanitary fixture/sanitary appliance.

This is to be done to achieve an impervious surface, which is required by Clause E3 of the New Zealand Building Code.

Note: Recommended products include Bona Gap Master, Berger-Seidle AquaSeal FlexFil, HB Fuller Caulk in Colours and Selleys No More Gaps Timber Floors in the colour closest to your flooring/joinery colour.





### 6. Post-Installation Surface Protection

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

- Avoid using tape on the floor (if required, use delicate masking tape and do not leave on the surface for longer than 7 days).
- c) Keep foot traffic to a minimum for first 24 hours to allow the glue to set. Wait 24 hours before placing furniture or heavy objects into the room.



- b) In high-traffic areas, it is important that the flooring is protected with a breathable floor protection product.
   Forté recommend and stock a breathable product called Protecta Board. Contact Forté for more information if this is required.
- d) To minimize the possibility of fine dust (usually from plasterboard/drywall products) getting into the grain of the flooring, ensure all cutting machines have dust collection bags. If fine dust has been generated in the surrounding area during installation, ensure the floor is vacuumed after installation and immediately covered with a breathable floor protection product after vacuuming.

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